MT:METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING

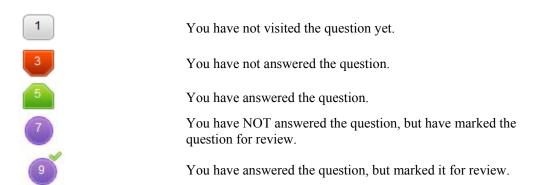
Duration: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 100

Please read the following instructions carefully:

General Instructions:

1. Total duration of examination is 180 minutes (3 hours).

- 2. The clock will be set at the server. The countdown timer in the top right corner of screen will display the remaining time available for you to complete the examination. When the timer reaches zero, the examination will end by itself. You will not be required to end or submit your examination.
- 3. The Question Palette displayed on the right side of screen will show the status of each question using one of the following symbols:



The Marked for Review status for a question simply indicates that you would like to look at that question again. If a question is answered and Marked for Review, your answer for that question will be considered in the evaluation.

Navigating to a Question

- 4. To answer a question, do the following:
 - a. Click on the question number in the Question Palette to go to that question directly.
 - b. Select an answer for a multiple choice type question. Use the virtual numeric keypad to enter a number as answer for a numerical type question.
 - c. Click on **Save and Next** to save your answer for the current question and then go to the next question.
 - d. Click on **Mark for Review and Next** to save your answer for the current question, mark it for review, and then go to the next question.
 - e. Caution: Note that your answer for the current question will not be saved, if you navigate to another question directly by clicking on its question number.
- 5. You can view all the questions by clicking on the **Question Paper** button. Note that the options for multiple choice type questions will not be shown.

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Answering a Question

- 6. Procedure for answering a multiple choice type question:
 - a. To select your answer, click on the button of one of the options
 - b. To deselect your chosen answer, click on the button of the chosen option again or click on the **Clear Response** button
 - c. To change your chosen answer, click on the button of another option
 - d. To save your answer, you MUST click on the **Save and Next** button
 - e. To mark the question for review, click on the Mark for Review and Next button. If an answer is selected for a question that is Marked for Review, that answer will be considered in the evaluation.
- 7. Procedure for answering a numerical answer type question:
 - a. To enter a number as your answer, use the virtual numerical keypad
 - b. A fraction (eg.,-0.3 or -.3) can be entered as an answer with or without '0' before the decimal point
 - c. To clear your answer, click on the **Clear Response** button
 - d. To save your answer, you MUST click on the Save and Next button
 - e. To mark the question for review, click on the Mark for Review and Next button. If an answer is entered for a question that is Marked for Review, that answer will be considered in the evaluation.
- 8. To change your answer to a question that has already been answered, first select that question for answering and then follow the procedure for answering that type of question.
- 9. Note that ONLY Questions for which answers are saved or marked for review after answering will be considered for evaluation.

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Paper specific instructions:

- 1. There are a total of 65 questions carrying 100 marks. Questions are of multiple choice type or numerical answer type. A multiple choice type question will have four choices for the answer with only **one** correct choice. For numerical answer type questions, the answer is a number and no choices will be given. A **number as the answer should be entered** using the virtual keyboard on the monitor.
- 2. Questions Q.1 Q.25 carry 1mark each. Questions Q.26 Q.55 carry 2marks each. The 2marks questions include two pairs of common data questions and two pairs of linked answer questions. The answer to the second question of the linked answer questions depends on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is not attempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
- 3. Questions Q.56 Q.65 belong to General Aptitude (GA) section and carry a total of 15 marks. Questions Q.56 Q.60 carry 1 mark each, and questions Q.61 Q.65 carry 2 marks each.
- 4. Questions not attempted will result in zero mark. Wrong answers for multiple choice type questions will result in **NEGATIVE** marks. For all 1 mark questions, ½ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For all 2 marks questions, ¾ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. However, in the case of the linked answer question pair, there will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question and no negative marks for wrong answer to the second question. There is no negative marking for questions of numerical answer type.
- 5. Calculator is allowed. Charts, graph sheets or tables are **NOT** allowed in the examination hall.
- 6. Do the rough work in the Scribble Pad provided.

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USEFUL DATA

Universal gas constant, R: 8.314 J/mol/K Acceleration due to gravity, g: 9.81 m/s² Faraday constant, F: 96500 C/mol Bohr magneton, μ_B : 9.273 × 10⁻²⁴ Am²

Q. 1 - Q. 25 carry one mark each.

- Q.1 Degree and order of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} 6y = 0$, respectively, are
 - (A) 1 and 2
- (B) 2 and 1
- (C) 1 and 1
- (D) 2 and 2

NPTEL Reference

- Q.2 As the concentration of point defects in a crystal increases, its configurational entropy
 - (A) does not change

(B) decreases

NPTEL Reference 1

(C) increases

(D) initially increases and then decreases

NPTEL Reference 2

- Q.3 In a binary system A-B, ε_{AA} , ε_{BB} and ε_{AB} correspond to A-A, B-B and A-B bond energies respectively. The miscibility gap will occur if
 - (A) $\varepsilon_{AB} > \frac{1}{2} (\varepsilon_{AA} + \varepsilon_{BB})$

(B) $\varepsilon_{AB} < \frac{1}{2} (\varepsilon_{AA} + \varepsilon_{BB})$

(C) $\varepsilon_{AB} = \frac{1}{2} (\varepsilon_{AA} + \varepsilon_{BB})$

(D) $\varepsilon_{AB} < \frac{1}{4} (\varepsilon_{AA} + \varepsilon_{BB})$

NPTEL Reference

- Q.4 Critical value of the Gibbs energy of nucleation at equilibrium temperature is
 - (A) zero
- (B) infinite
- (C) positive
- (D) negative

NPTEL Reference

- Q.5 With respect to the matrix of Al-Cu alloys, G-P zones are
 - (A) coherent

(B) incoherent

NPTEL Reference 1

(C) semi-coherent

(D) chemically indistinguishable

NPTEL Reference 2

- Q.6 Which one of the following techniques does **NOT** require quenching to obtain final case hardness?
 - (A) Flame hardening

(B) Induction hardening

(C) Nitriding

(D) Carburizing

NPTEL Reference

- Q.7 Which one of the following elements is an austenite stabilizer?
 - (A) Nitrogen

(B) Molybdenum

(C) Vanadium

(D) Tungsten

NPTEL Reference

- Q.8 A 0.2 wt.% plain carbon steel sheet is heated and equilibrated in the inter-critical region followed by instant water quenching. The microstructure of the quenched steel sheet consists of
 - (A) fully martensite

(B) proeutectoid ferrite + martensite

(C) martensite + pearlite

(D) martensite + austenite

NPTEL Reference

- Q.9 As compared to the engineering stress-engineering strain curve, the true stress-true strain curve for a given material
 - (A) lies above and to the left
 - (B) lies below and to the right
 - (C) crosses the engineering stress-engineering strain curve
 - (D) is identical

Q.10	Which one of the following does NOT improve fatigue life of a steel component?				
	(A) Nitriding(C) Improving surface	finish	(B) Decarburization(D) Shot-peening		NPTEL Reference
Q.11	When two phases α an	d β in an alloy are in th	ermodynamic equilibri	ium, then	
	(A) $c_p^{\alpha} = c_p^{\beta}$	(B) $V_{\rm m}^{\alpha} = V_{\rm m}^{\beta}$	(C) $G_{\rm m}^{\alpha} = G_{\rm m}^{\beta}$	(D) $\overline{G}_i^{\alpha} = \overline{G}_i^{\beta}$	NPTEL Reference
Q.12	Isothermal compressib	oility of a material is given	ven by		
	$(A) - \frac{1}{p} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_{T}$		(B) $\frac{1}{p} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_T$		
	(C) $-\frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_T$		(D) $\frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_T$		NPTEL Reference
Q.13				e at temperature T_1 and the than T_1 and less than T_2 , or	
	(A) MO		(B) both MO and M		NPTEL Reference
	(C) M'O		(D) neither MO nor	MO	
Q.14		wing can give informa			NPTEL Reference 1
	(A) Pourbaix diagram(C) EMF series		(B) Polarization tech(D) Galvanic series	nnique	NPTEL Reference 2
0.15	. ,	41 4 6 177		C	NPTEL Reference 3
Q.15	in a roasting process, concentrates are	the set of conditions	that favour sulphate	formation from metal su	Iphide
	P. high tempera	ature			
	Q. high partial R. use of exce	pressure of oxygen			NPTEL Reference 1
	(A) P, R and S		(B) P, Q and R		NPTEL Reference 2
	(C) Q and S		(D) R and S		NPTEL Reference 3
Q.16	High top pressure in a	blast furnace operation			
	(A) favours the solutio(B) suppresses the solution				NPTEL Reference 1
	(C) decreases gas-solio(D) increases coke rate				NPTEL Reference 2
Q.17	. ,	ne final slag can be best	described as		NPTEL Reference 3
Q.17	(A) oxidizing	ie iinai siag ean de dest	(B) basic		
	(C) oxidizing and basic	с	(D) reducing and ba	sic	NPTEL Reference
Q.18	The permeability of bu	arden in an ironmaking	blast furnace can be in	aproved by using	
	(A) fine charge				NPTEL Reference 1
	(B) agglomerated char(C) oxygen enriched a				NPTEL Reference 2
		ection through the tuye	eres		
					NPTEL Reference 3

Q.19	For a good qualit	y brazing, the	e molten filler	alloy should have
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- (A) low contact angle with the base metal
- (B) low density

(C) high surface tension

(D) high viscosity

NPTEL Reference

O.20Risers are **NOT** required for casting

(A) stainless steel

(B) plain carbon steel

(C) grey cast iron

(D) white cast iron

NPTEL Reference

Q.21 For scalar fields
$$\phi$$
 and ψ , the value of $\nabla \cdot (\nabla \phi \times \nabla \psi)$ is _____

NPTEL Reference

NPTEL Reference

NPTEL Reference

Q.24 If
$$\sigma$$
 and ε are true stress and true strain, respectively, the maximum true uniform strain that can be imparted to a material obeying $\sigma = 1050\varepsilon^{0.25}$ is

NPTEL Reference

Q.25 Arc welding is done using current, voltage and welding speed of 200 A, 20 V and 0.01 m/s, respectively. The heat input in kJ per unit length is

NPTEL Reference

Q. 26 to Q. 55 carry two marks each.

O.26 Which one of the following series is divergent?

NPTEL Reference 1

(A)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3^{n-1}}$$
 (B) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ (C) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^n}$ (D) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^n}$

(B)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$$

(C)
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^n}$$

$$(D) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^n}$$

NPTEL Reference 2

Q.27 Taylor series expansion of the function
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{1+x}$$
 around $x = 0$ will be

(A)
$$1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \cdots$$

(B)
$$1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + \cdots$$

(D) $0 + x - x^2 + x^3 - \cdots$

(C)
$$0 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \cdots$$

(D)
$$0 + x - x^2 + x^3 - \cdots$$

NPTEL Reference

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } \theta = 60^{\circ}$$

NPTEL Reference 1

(A) orthogonal

(B) singular

(C) skew-symmetric

(D) positive-definite

NPTEL Reference 2

(A) 0.68

(B) 0.74

(C) 0.79

(D) 0.91

NPTEL Reference

(A) 1.91

(B) 1.63

(C) 1.41

(D) 1.15

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Q.31	There are 150 gearwheels in a box, out of which 112 are within the required tolerance, 21 are below and rest are above the required tolerance. If the selection is done without replacement, the combined probability of randomly selecting a gearwheel below the tolerance and then a second one above the tolerance is					
	(A) 0.016	(B) 0.032	(C) 0.492	(D) 0.984	NPTEL Reference	
Q.32	Match the metal in (Group I with its c	orresponding ore in Grou	p II		
	Gro (P) 1 (Q) 7 (R) 1 (S) S	Ni (1) M Γh (2) C Pb (3) P	roup II Monazite Cassiterite Penlandite Galena			
	(A) P-1, Q-3, R-4, S- (B) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S- (C) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S- (D) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-	-1 -2			NPTEL Reference	
Q.33				MPa to 145 MPa on decreas al (in MPa) having a grain siz		
	(A) 110	(B) 125	(C) 140	(D) 165	NPTEL Reference	
Q.34			ternal crack length is 8 μr stimated theoretical fractur	m. If Young's modulus is 40 e strength (in MPa) is		
	(A) 375	(B) 412	(C) 327	(D) 447	NPTEL Referenc	
Q.35	_		metal with lattice param y (in Bohr magneton)	eter 0.2 nm is 600 kA/m. T	he net	
	(A) 8.08×10^{57}	(B) 2.02×10^{-6}	(C) 0.517	(D) 0.129		
Q.36 A 480 mm thick slab is hot-rolled using a roll of 720 mm diameter. For a coefficien 0.5, the maximum possible reduction (in mm) is				ter. For a coefficient of friction	on of	
	(A) 90	(B) 180	(C) 240	(D) 360	NPTEL Referenc	
Q.37	Match the defects listed in Group I with the corresponding manufacturing process listed in Group II					
	(P) Orange- (Q) Chevror (R) Flash (S) Undercu	n cracking	Group II (1) Extrusion (2) Deep drawing (3) Arc welding (4) Forging			
	(A) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S (B) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S (C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S (D) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S	-4 -1			NPTEL Reference	

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Match the powder production technique given in **Group I** with the corresponding shape listed in O.38Group II

Group I Group II (P) Reduction (1) Flaky (Q) Gas Atomization (2) Spongy (R) Milling (3) Dendritic (S) Electrolysis (4) Spherical

(A) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3

(B) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4

(C) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1

(D) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4

NPTEL Reference

0.39 Match the suitability of non-destructive testing method in Group I for the detection of defects listed in **Group II**

Group I

- (P) Magnetic particle inspection
- (O) X-ray radiography
- (R) Dye penetrant test
- (S) Ultrasonic testing

- **Group II**
- (1) Surface crack in martensitic stainless steels (2) Surface crack in austenitic stainless steels
- (3) Hairline crack in aluminium
- (4) Inclusions in steels

(A) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1

(B) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3

(C) P-3, O-1, R-2, S-4

(D) P-1, Q-4, R-2, S-3

NPTEL Reference

For the following electrochemical reaction $Sn + 2H^{+} = Sn^{2+} + H_2$, if the solution has Sn^{2+} concentration 10^{-2} M and pH 5 at 298 K, which of the following is true?

Given: standard reduction potential for $\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^{-} \rightarrow \text{Sn}$ is -0.136 V versus SHE; $p_{H_0} = 1 \text{ atm}$

(A) Sn undergoes oxidation

(B) H⁺ undergoes reduction

(C) Sn²⁺ undergoes reduction

(D) No net reaction

NPTEL Reference 1 NPTEL Reference 2

Q.41 Match the unit operation in **Group I** with its corresponding principle in **Group II**:

Group I

Group II

- (P) Jigging
- (Q) Tabling
- (R) Heavy media separation
- (S) Flotation

- (1) Modification of surface tension
- (2) Difference in density
- (3) Differential initial acceleration
- (4) Differential lateral movement

(A) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1

- (B) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4
- (C) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1
- (D) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4

NPTEL Reference

Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion (a) and Reason (r).

Assertion: For the extraction of metal values from their sulphide concentrates by hydrometallurgical route, leaching with oxygen under high pressure is used.

Reason: Presence of oxygen under high pressure causes roasting of sulphides, which helps in leaching of the values.

(A) **a** is true but **r** is false

(B) a is false but r is true

(C) both **a** and **r** are true, and **r** is the reason for **a**

(D) both **a** and **r** are true, but **r** is not the reason for **a**

NPTEL Reference 1

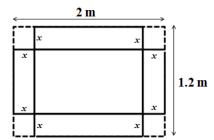
NPTEL Reference 2

MT

Q.43 The aperture size (in μ m) of a 200 mesh sieve having a wire diameter of 53 μ m is _

NPTEL Reference

Q.44 From a 2 m \times 1.2 m sheet, squares are cut out from each of the four corners as shown in the figure and then the sides are bent to form an open box. The maximum possible volume (in m^3) of the box is



NPTEL Reference

Q.45 Applying the secant method, the first approximation to the root of $f(x) = 1 + \ln x + \frac{x}{2}$, starting with function values at x = 0.3 and x = 0.4, is_____

NPTEL Reference

Q.46 The critical internal crack length (in mm) in a steel having K_{Ic} of 45 MPa \sqrt{m} to support a Mode-I stress of 400 MPa is

NPTEL Reference

Q.47 Ladle deoxidation of liquid steel is done at 1600° C by adding ferro-aluminium. By assuming Stokes law behaviour, time (in s) required for alumina particles of 50 μ m diameter to float to the surface from a depth of 2 m would be

[Given: density of steel = 7000 kg/m^3 , density of alumina = 3650 kg/m^3 , viscosity of steel = $6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg/m/s}$]

NPTEL Reference

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

A steel specimen containing 0.2 wt.% C is carburized in an atmosphere that maintains a carbon content of 1.2 wt.% C at the surface of the specimen.

Given:

For carbon diffusion in austenite: $D_0=2.0\times10^{-5}$ m²/s Activation energy for diffusion, Q=142 kJ/mol

у	erf(y)
0.85	0.7707
0.90	0.7970
0.95	0.8209

- Q.48 What is the depth (in µm) from the surface of the specimen at which a composition of 0.4 wt.% C is obtained after carburizing at 870°C for 10 h?
 - (A) 15
- (B) 84
- (C) 113
- (D) 875

NPTEL Reference 1

NPTEL Reference 2

Q.49 How long (in h) will it take to double the depth at which 0.4 wt.% C is reached?

NPTEL Reference 1

- (A) 40
- (B) 20
- (C) 18
- (D) 14

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:

Integral enthalpy of mixing (in J/mol) of liquid (Cu, Zn) solution can be approximated by $\Delta H_m^{\text{mix}} = -19250x_{\text{Cu}}x_{\text{Zn}}$

- Q.50 The corresponding partial molar enthalpy of mixing (in J/mol) for Cu is
 - (A) $19250x_{Zn}^2$
 - (B) $-19250x_{Cu}^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 - (C) $38500x_{Zn} 19250x_{Zn}^2 19250$

NPTEL Reference

- (D) $-19250x_{7n}^2$
- Q.51 Assuming regular solution behaviour, the solution parameter (in J/mol) is
 - (A) 19250
- (B) 9625
- (C) 13.75
- (D) 2315.4

NPTEL Reference

Linked Answer Questions

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

The density and associated crystallinity for two polypropylene samples are as follows:

density, g/cm ³	crystallinity, %
1.20	50
1.44	80

- Q.52 Density of totally amorphous polypropylene is
 - (A) 0.64
- (B) 0.74
- (C) 0.84
- (D) 0.94

NPTEL Reference

- Q.53 The percent crystallinity of polypropylene sample having a density of 1.3 g/cm³ is
 - (A) 54
- (B) 64
- (C)74
- (D) 84

NPTEL Reference

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

An edge dislocation is present in α -Fe. Atomic diameter of iron atom is 0.25 nm and its shear modulus is 70 GPa.

- Q.54 Modulus of the Burgers vector (in nm) is
 - (A) 0.125
- (B) 0.25
- (C) 0.50
- (D) 0.625

NPTEL Reference

- Q.55 Energy (in J/m) of the dislocation is
 - (A) 0.5×10^{-9}
- (B) 1.1×10^{-9}
- (C) 2.2×10^{-9}
- (D) 4.4×10^{-9}

General Aptitude (GA) Questions

O. 56 – O. 60 carry one mark eac). 56 –	5 – O. 60 carr	v one ma	ırk each
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Q.56	A number is as much greater than 75 as it is smaller than 117. The number is:
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(A) 91

(B) 93

(C) 89

(D) 96

Q.57 <u>The professor ordered to the students to go out of the class.</u>

III

Which of the above underlined parts of the sentence is grammatically incorrect?

(A) I

(B) II

(C) III

(D) IV

Q.58 Which of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word given below:

Primeval

(A) Modern

(B) Historic

(C) Primitive

(D) Antique

Q.59 Friendship, no matter how it is, has its limitations.

(A) cordial

(B) intimate

(C) secret

(D) pleasant

Q.60 Select the pair that best expresses a relationship similar to that expressed in the pair:

Medicine: Health

(A) Science: Experiment

(B) Wealth: Peace

(C) Education: Knowledge

(D) Money: Happiness

Q. 61 to Q. 65 carry two marks each.

- Q.61 X and Y are two positive real numbers such that $2X + Y \le 6$ and $X + 2Y \le 8$. For which of the following values of (X, Y) the function f(X, Y) = 3X + 6Y will give maximum value?
 - (A) (4/3, 10/3)
 - (B) (8/3, 20/3)
 - (C) (8/3, 10/3)
 - (D) (4/3, 20/3)
- Q.62 If |4X 7| = 5 then the values of 2|X| |-X| is:
 - (A) 2, 1/3
- (B) 1/2, 3
- (C) 3/2, 9
- (D) 2/3, 9

Q.63 Following table provides figures (in rupees) on annual expenditure of a firm for two years - 2010 and 2011.

Category	2010	2011
Raw material	5200	6240
Power & fuel	7000	9450
Salary & wages	9000	12600
Plant & machinery	20000	25000
Advertising	15000	19500
Research & Development	22000	26400

In 2011, which of the following two categories have registered increase by same percentage?

- (A) Raw material and Salary & wages
- (B) Salary & wages and Advertising
- (C) Power & fuel and Advertising
- (D) Raw material and Research & Development

(B) 10

- Q.64 A firm is selling its product at Rs. 60 per unit. The total cost of production is Rs. 100 and firm is earning total profit of Rs. 500. Later, the total cost increased by 30%. By what percentage the price should be increased to maintained the same profit level.

(A) 5

Q.65

Abhishek is elder to Savar. Savar is younger to Anshul.

Which of the given conclusions is logically valid and is inferred from the above statements?

(C) 15

(D) 30

- (A) Abhishek is elder to Anshul
- (B) Anshul is elder to Abhishek
- (C) Abhishek and Anshul are of the same age
- (D) No conclusion follows

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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